



**Additional Considerations for Mobility Progression**

- Orthostatic signs** should be performed on any patient at risk for orthostatic hypotension as orthostasis can contribute to patient falls
- Some risk factors for orthostatic hypotension include: older age, use of pain or diuretic medications, patients admitted with failure to thrive or dehydration and patients who have been in bed > 1 day (including patients post-surgery)
- Selected Patient Populations:** (e.g. polytrauma, recently repaired fractures and hemiplegia) may warrant additional assessment as these patients will likely have restricted weightbearing capabilities through their "affected/involved limbs"